

**.cáncer.** XII FORO  
DE **ovario**  
Y OTROS TUMORES  
GINECOLÓGICOS

# El puzzle de la primera línea

Antonio González-Matín  
Clínica Universidad de Navarra



Clínica  
Universidad  
de Navarra



Cancer  
Center



Grupo Español de  
Investigación en  
Cáncer de Ovario



## CONFLICT OF INTEREST

- I have received fees for different educational or advisory related activities from: Alkermes, Amgen, AstraZeneca, Clovis, Genmab, GSK, HederadX, Immunogen, Illumina, Mersana, MSD, Novartis, Novocure, Oncoinvent, PharmaMar, Roche, SOTIO, SUTRO, Seagen, Takeda, Tubulis
- Non-financial interest: Chairman of GEICO, Chairman (2018-2020) of ENGOT



Edad y *performance status* (ECOG)

Co-morbilidades

Situación socio-familiar

Valoración pre-quirúrgica (CT vs PET vs laparoscopia)

Capacitación del equipo quirúrgico

Histología

BRCA y HRD

Perfil molecular más allá de HRD (CCNE1, RAD51,...)

Microambiente tumoral

Enfermedad residual tras cirugía primaria

Respuesta a quimioterapia neoadyuvante (RECIST)

Enfermedad residual tras cirugía de intervalo

Complicaciones post-quirúrgicas

Cinética de eliminación de CA-125 (KELIM)

HIPEC

Bevacizumab

PARP inhibidor

Mecanismo de resistencia a platino y PARPi

Efectos secundarios de fármacos

Acceso y reembolso de fármacos....



REAL ACADEMIA ESPAÑOLA

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**Sinónimo de puzzle : ROMPECABEZAS**

Cirugía

Diagnóstico  
Molecular

Quimioterapia  
+/- bevacizumab

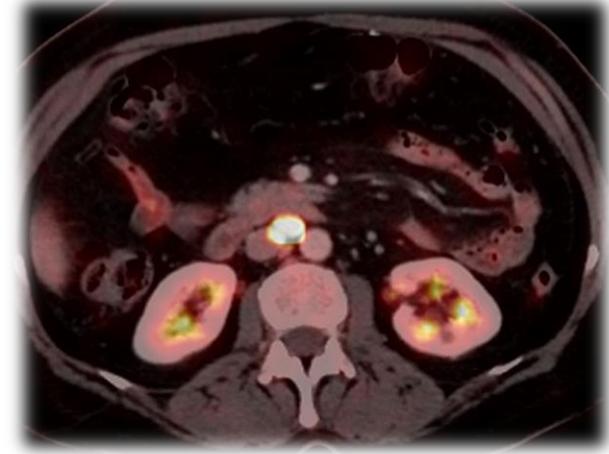
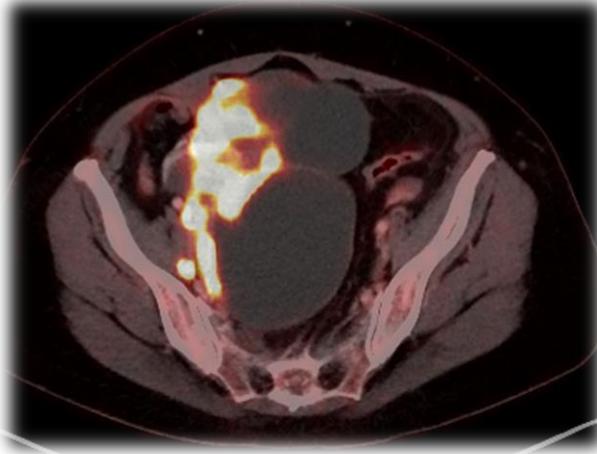
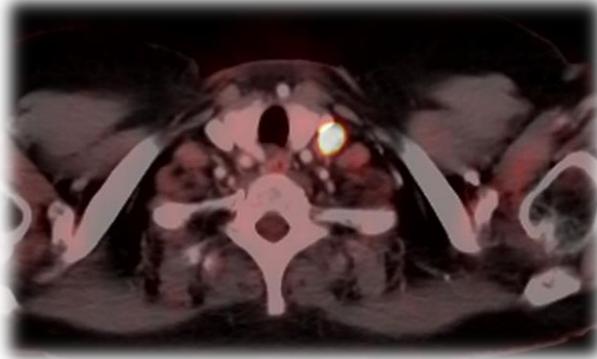
Mantenimiento  
PARPi



## DIAGNOSTIC WORKUP

IS NACT THE BEST OPTION FOR THIS PATIENT?

WHAT IF YOU DON'T INCLUDE PET IN THE WORKUP?

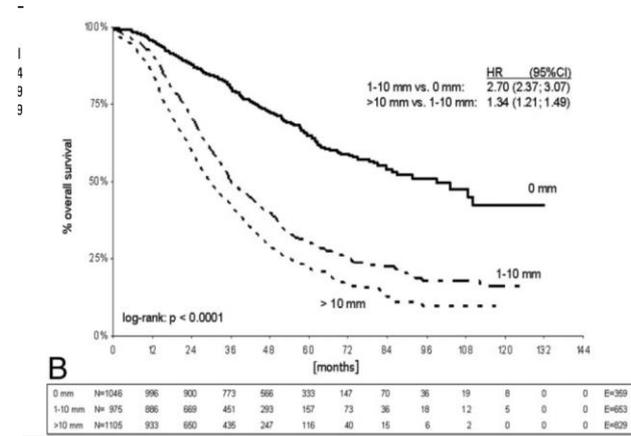


# GCIG Sixth Ovarian Cancer Conference on Clinical Research

## Statement 1

*Selection of patients for neoadjuvant chemotherapy or primary cytoreductive surgery (PCS) (32 of 33 groups approved, one opposed) PCS after assessment in an expert gynecological oncology unit is preferred. Neoadjuvant chemotherapy followed by interval cytoreductive surgery (ICS) is a valid alternative only if PCS is not feasible.*

Vergote et al. *Lancet Oncol* 2022; 23: e374–84



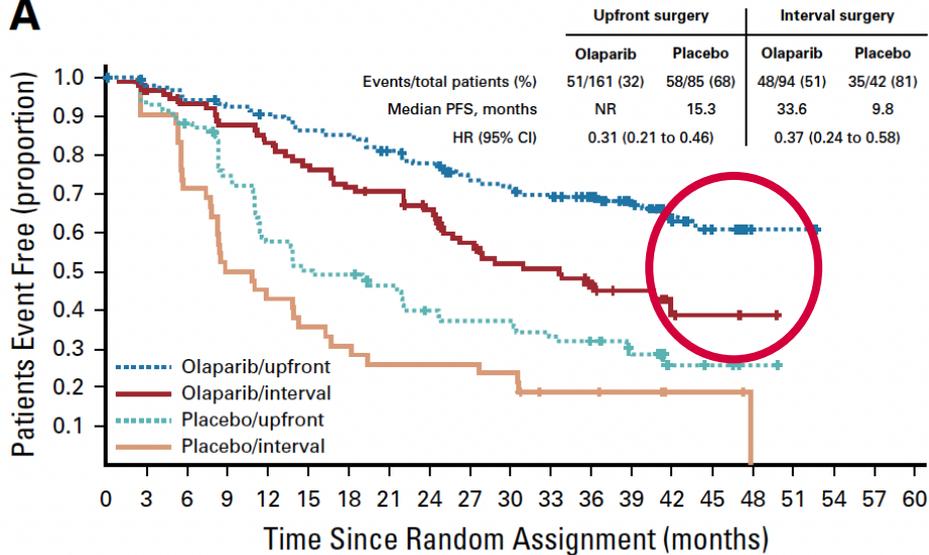
Du Bois et al. *Cancer* 2009

**What is the impact of complete cytoreduction in the era of biological and maintenance therapy?**

# SOLO-1 Trial: Subgroup Analysis



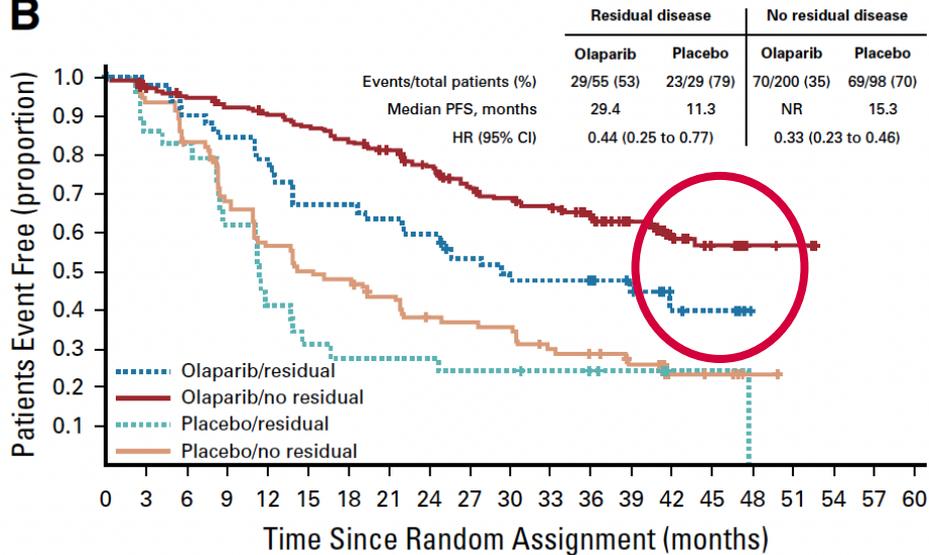
**A**



No. at risk:

.....	161	148	142	139	135	129	127	119	113	100	96	92	79	66	34	26	3	3	0	0	0
————	94	87	82	77	73	68	63	61	55	45	40	39	30	21	10	9	1	0	0	0	0
.....	85	78	73	61	47	41	40	36	30	28	28	25	22	17	4	3	1	0	0	0	0
————	43	38	30	21	18	15	13	11	11	10	6	6	5	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0

**B**



No. at risk:

.....	55	51	47	44	41	35	35	33	31	26	23	23	19	16	8	7	0	0	0	0	0
————	200	184	177	172	167	162	155	147	137	119	113	108	90	70	36	28	4	3	0	0	0
.....	29	25	24	18	12	9	8	8	8	7	7	6	5	4	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
————	98	90	79	64	53	47	45	39	33	32	31	25	23	18	5	4	1	0	0	0	0

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REVIEW

## European experts consensus: BRCA/homologous recombination deficiency testing in first-line ovarian cancer

I. Vergote<sup>1\*</sup>, A. González-Martín<sup>2,3</sup>, I. Ray-Coquard<sup>4</sup>, P. Harter<sup>5</sup>, N. Colombo<sup>6</sup>, P. Pujol<sup>7</sup>, D. Lorusso<sup>8</sup>, M. R. Mirza<sup>9</sup>, B. Brasiuniene<sup>10</sup>, R. Madry<sup>11</sup>, J. D. Brenton<sup>12</sup>, M. G. E. M. Ausems<sup>13</sup>, R. Büttner<sup>14</sup> & D. Lambrechts<sup>15</sup>, on behalf of the European experts' consensus group<sup>†</sup>

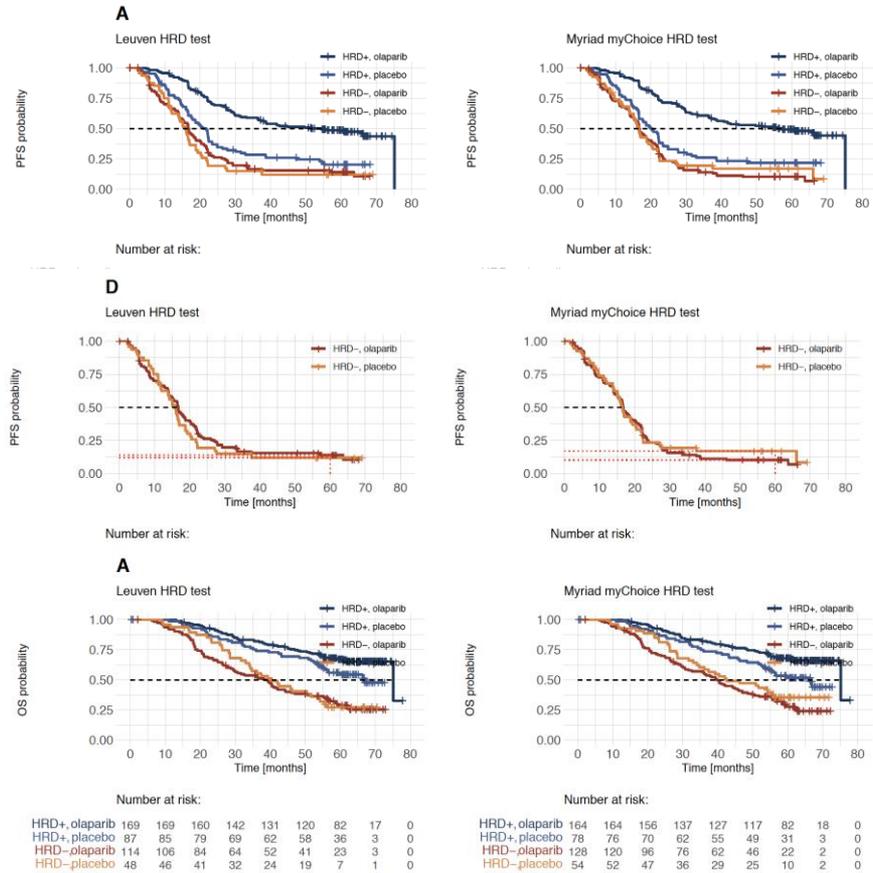
**Table 5. Genetic testing in the clinic: consensus statements**

Consensus statements	Level of contributor agreement (%) <sup>a</sup>
Germline and/or tumour <i>BRCA</i> status and, if <i>BRCA</i> WT, tumour HRR deficiency status should be determined after primary diagnosis and ideally before the end of first-line chemotherapy	97

# HRD TESTING

## WHAT WE KNOW

- Quality of sample is crucial
- HRD is Prognostic<sup>1</sup>, Predictive of response to platinum<sup>1</sup> and Predictive of response to PARPi<sup>2-3</sup>
- Any gene panel for non-BRCA HRRmut is not predictive<sup>4</sup>
- Correlation of Academic and Industry HRD platforms with Myriad range from 0.85 to 0.96<sup>5</sup>
- Academic platforms have similar predictive value than Myriad<sup>6</sup>



1. Swisher et al. Gyn Oncol 2022 ;
2. Gonzalez-Martin et al. Eur J Cancer 2023;
3. Ray-Coquard et al. NEJM 2019;
4. Pujade. SGO 2021;
5. Weichert et al. ESMO 2022;
6. L. Loverix et al. Eur J Cancer 2023

# HRD TESTING

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## WHAT WE DON'T KNOW YET

- Optimal sequence of BRCA testing: Germinal vs Tumour
- Correlation of different platforms for an individual patient
- Real correlation of HRD test result with HRR function
- Implication of other biomarkers (i.e CCNE1)
- Mechanism of primary resistance to PARPi or secondary resistance induced by platinum therapy

1. Swisher et al. Gyn Oncol 2022 ; 2. Gonzalez-Martin et al. Eur J Cancer 2023; 3. Ray-Coquard et al. NEJM 2019; 4. Pujade. SGO 2021; 5. Weichert et al. ESMO 2022; 6. L. Loverix et al. Eur J Cancer 2023

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## PRE-PARPi ERA

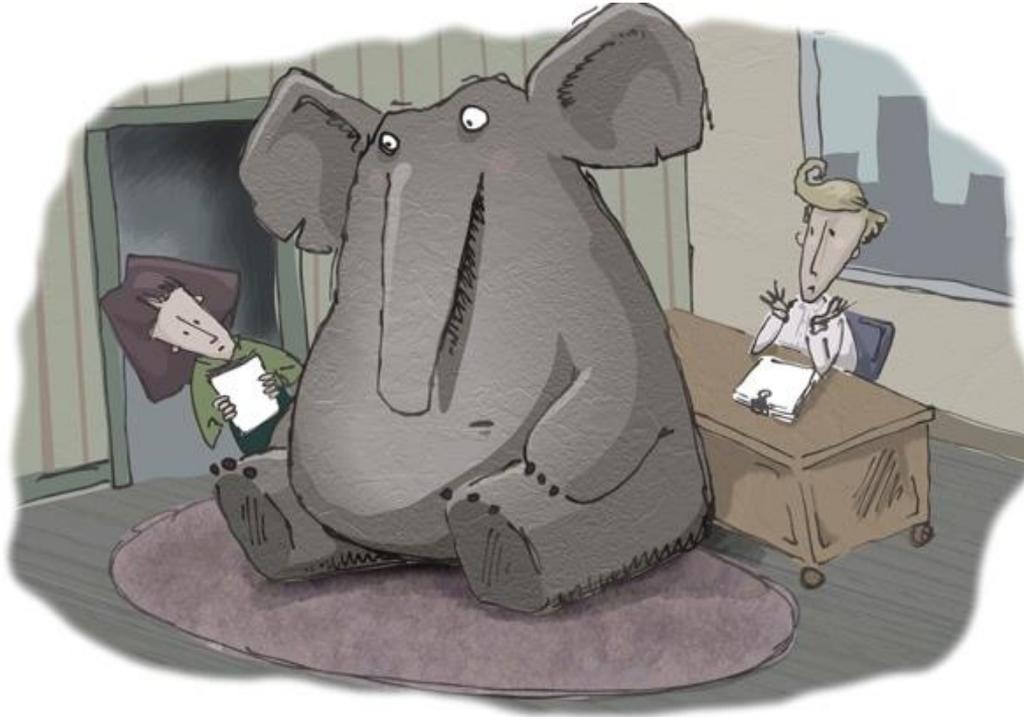
### Bevacizumab in front-line



Summary of recommendations	LoE	GoR	Consensus
Bevacizumab (15mg/kg or 7.5 mg/kg every 3 weeks for maximum of 15 months) improves progression-free survival in patients with stage III-IV ovarian cancer and should be considered in addition to carboplatin and paclitaxel	I	A	Yes: 97.5% (39 voters) Abstain: 2.5% (1 voter)
Bevacizumab in the neoadjuvant setting can be considered although the additional improvement in efficacy is not proven with level I evidence	II	B	Yes: 97.5% (39 voters) No: 2.5% (1 voter)
Bevacizumab can be safely administered in the neo-adjuvant setting before and after IDS providing the interval between surgery and administration is at least 4-6 weeks	II	B	Yes: 100% (40 voters)

## Post-PARPi ERA

### What to do with bevacizumab in front-line?



Role of bevacizumab in patients with HRD-positive tumors (BRCA-mut or BRCAwt)?

How to manage patients with HRD-negative tumors? PARPi vs BEV

## Biomarkers for bevacizumab and PARPi (beyond HRD)

### Bevacizumab

1. CD31 (MVD) & tVEGF
2. IL6 in plasma
3. Visceral fat density (VFD)
4. high c-MET/VEGFR-2 co-localisation
5. Low VEGF-A165b expression
6. TCGA proliferative and mesenchymal molecular subtypes

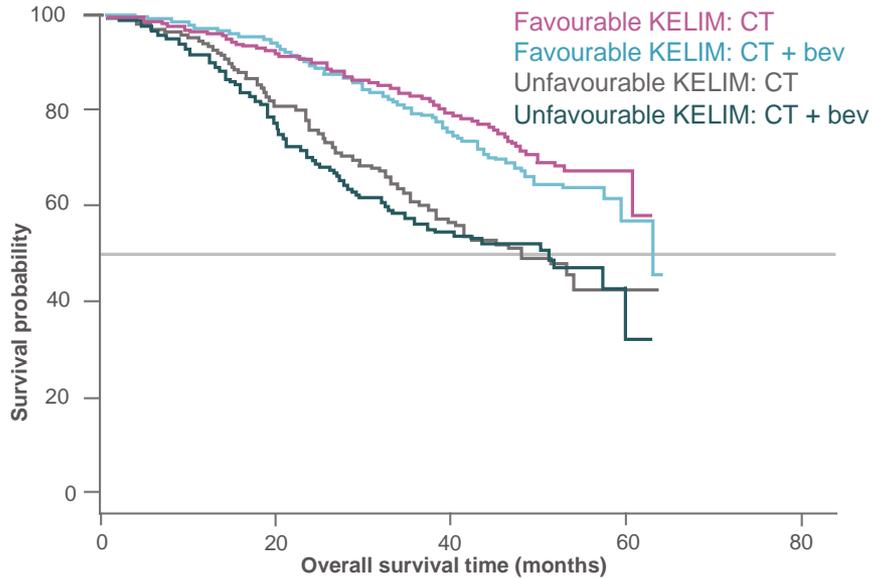
### Niraparib

- Response to platinum-based 1L chemotherapy

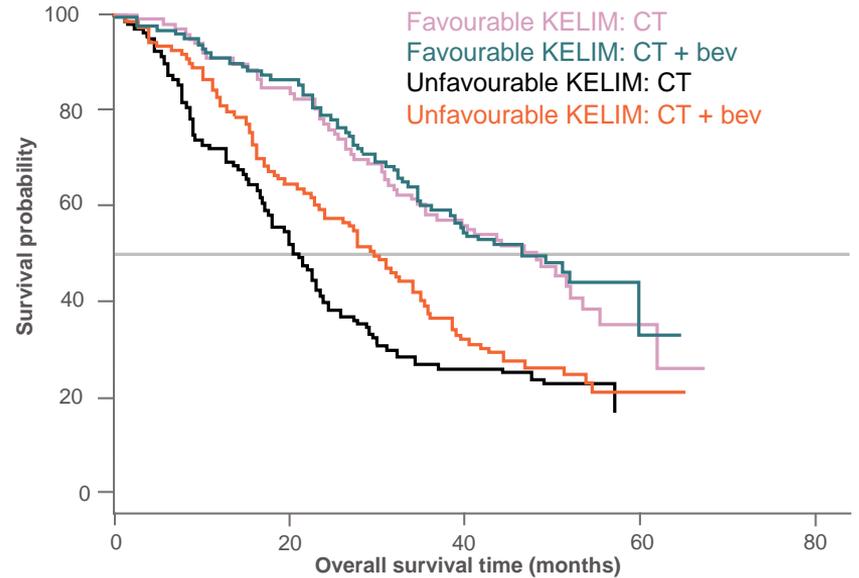
1. Bais C et al. *J Natl Cancer Inst.* 2017 Nov 1;109(11):dix066. doi: 10.1093/jnci/dix066 (GOG-218)
2. Alvarez Secord et al. *Clin Cancer Res.* 2020 Mar 15;26(6):1288-1296. doi: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-19-0226. (GOG-218)
3. Buechel et al. *Gynecol Oncol.* 2021 May;161(2):382-388. doi: 10.1016/j.ygyno.2021.02.032. (GOG-218)
4. Morgan R et al. *BMC Med.* 2022 Feb 11;20(1):59. doi: 10.1186/s12916-022-02270-y. (ICON-7)
5. Wimberger et al. *Clin Cancer Res.* 2022 Aug 24;CCR-22-1326. doi: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-22-1326. (ICON-7)
6. Kommos et al. *Clin Cancer Res.* 2017 Jul 15;23(14):3794-3801. doi: 10.1158/1078-0432.CCR-16-2196 (ICON-7)

# KELIM & bevacizumab benefit in ICON-7

OS in patients with low-risk disease



OS in patients with high-risk disease

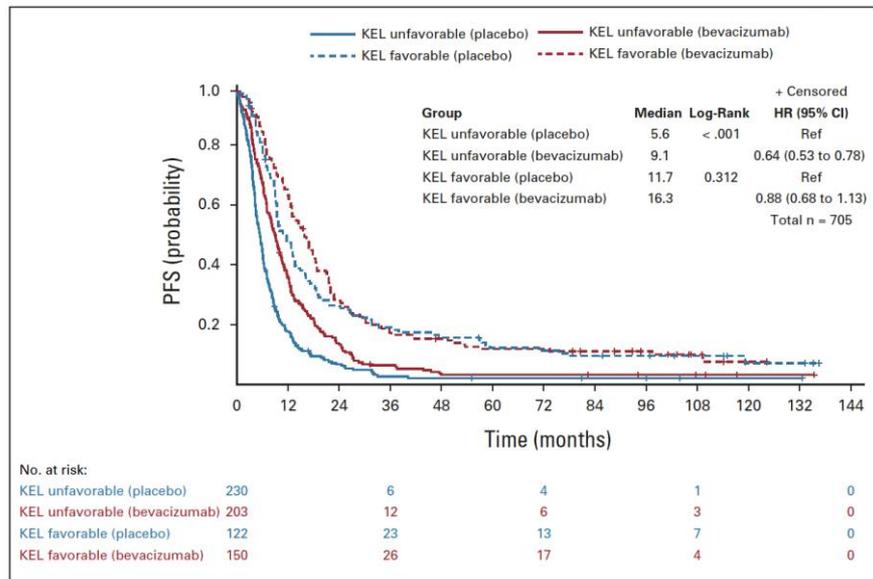


Unfavorable KELIM	<1.0
Favorable KELIM	≥1.0

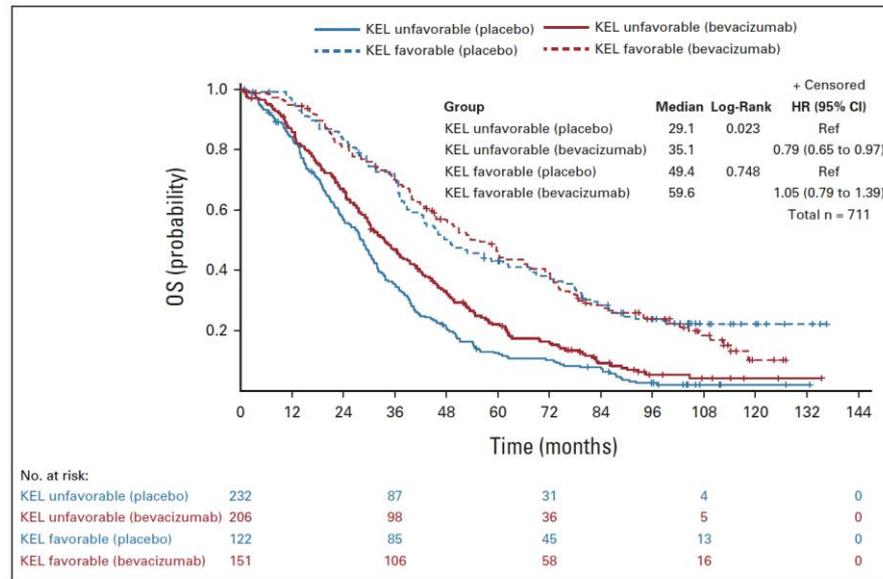
Chemosensitivity, as assessed by KELIM, may be a complementary covariate to consider for decision-making about bevacizumab prescription. Approximately 47% of high-risk patients may not derive survival benefit from the addition of bevacizumab, however, the remaining 53% patients with poorly chemo-sensitive diseases may achieve the maximum survival gain of approximately 9 months.

# KELIM & bevacizumab benefit in GOG-218

## FIGO stage IV and Stage III with VRD > 1 cm after PCS



**FIG 3.** Kaplan-Meier curves of the PFS of patients according to treatment arm (arm 3 with bevacizumab concurrent-maintenance, v arm 1 with placebo) in patients with favorable or unfavorable KELIM (KEL) score, in the population of patients with a high-risk disease (stage IV + stage III operated with suboptimal surgery). HR, hazard ratio; KELIM, ELIMination rate constant K; mPFS, median PFS (months); PFS, progression-free survival; Ref, reference.



**FIG 4.** Kaplan-Meier curves of the OS of patients according to treatment arm (arm 3 with bevacizumab concurrent-maintenance, v arm 1 with placebo) in patients with favorable or unfavorable KELIM (KEL) score, in the population of patients with a high-risk disease (stage IV + stage III operated with suboptimal surgery). HR, hazard ratio; KELIM, ELIMination rate constant K; mPFS, median PFS (months); OS, overall survival; PFS, progression-free survival; Ref, reference.

Cirugía

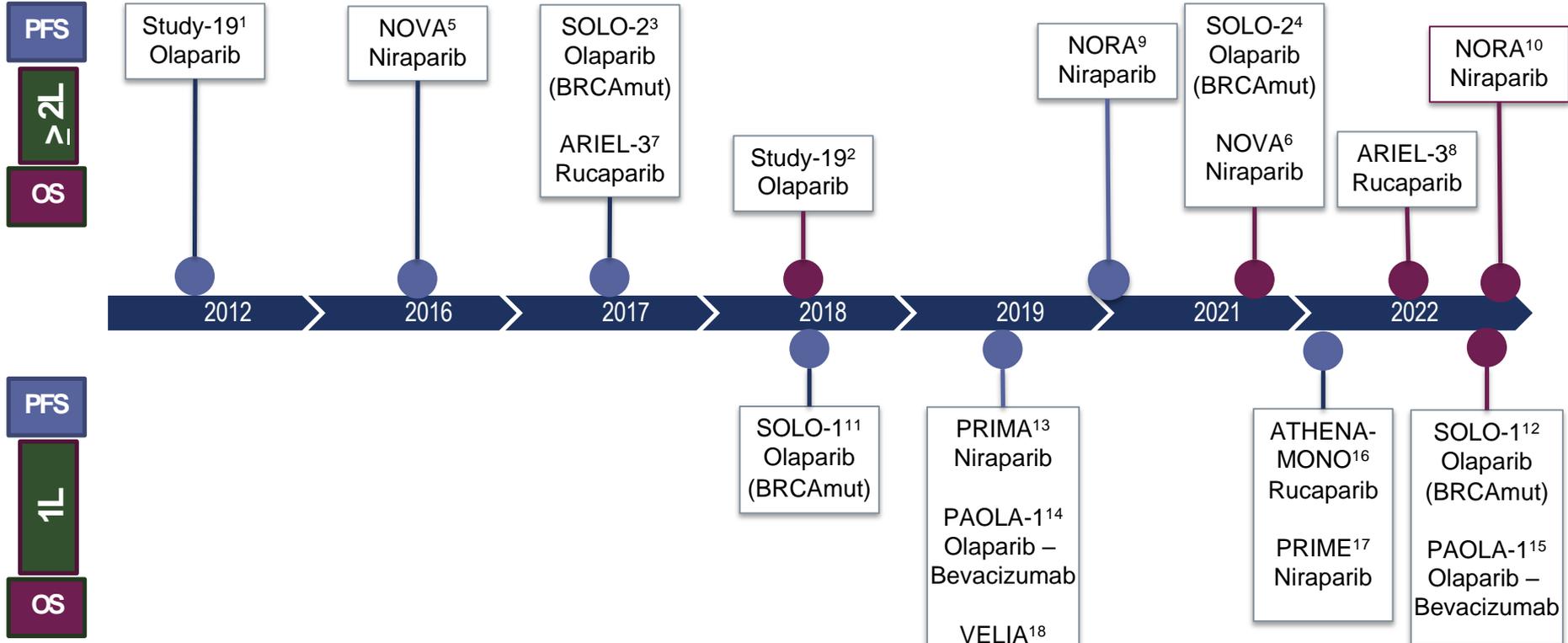
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# RANDOMIZED CLINICAL TRIALS WITH PARP INHIBITOR AS MAINTENANCE



## Magnitude of benefit with PARPi is related to biomarker

### Even patients with HRp (HRD-) benefit from PARPi

	SOLO-1 <sup>1</sup>	PRIMA <sup>2</sup>	PAOLA-1 <sup>3</sup>	ATHENA-MONO <sup>4</sup>	PRIME <sup>5</sup>
PARPi	Olaparib	Niraparib	Olaparib + Bev	Rucaparib	Niraparib
Control	Placebo	Placebo	Bevacizumab	Placebo	Placebo
Population	BRCAMut	All comers	All comers	All comers	All comers (Chinese)
HRD test	NA	MyChoice	MyChoice	Foundation-One	BGI
BRCAMut	0.33 (0.25–0.43)	0.40* (0.27–0.62)	0.31* (0.20–0.47)	0.31* (0.20–0.47)	0.40* (0.23-0.68)
BRCAwT/HRD+	-	0.50* (0.31-0.83)	0.43* (0.28-0.66)	0.58* (0.33-1.01)	0.58* (0.36-0.93)
BRCAwT/HRD-	-	0.68* (0.49-0.94)	0.92* (0.72-1.17)	0.65* (0.45-0.95)	0.41* (0.25-0.65)

+++  
++  
+

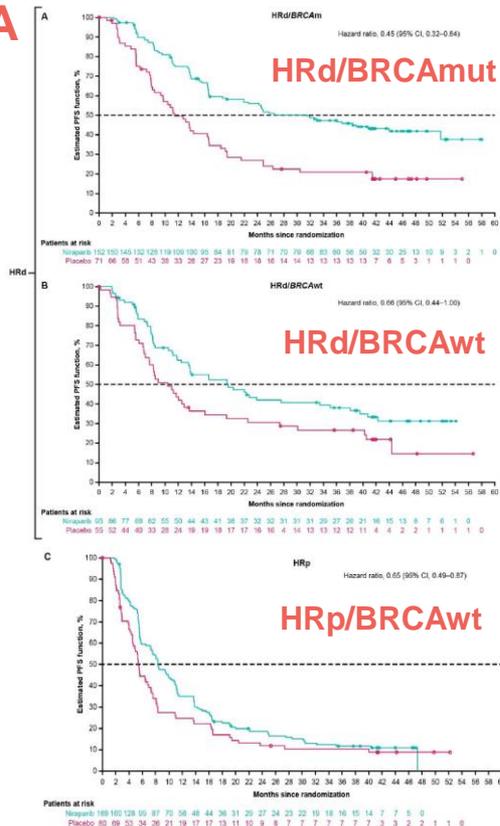
\*exploratory

The aim of the table is not the cross-trial comparison

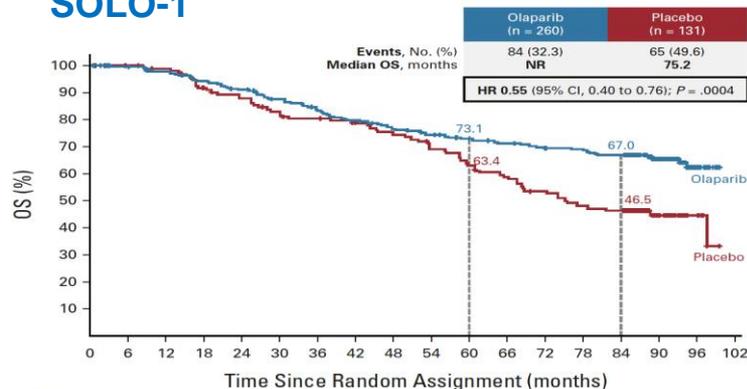
1. Moore. NEJM 2018;
2. Gonzalez-Martin. NEJM 2019;
3. Ray-Coquard. NEJM 2019;
4. Monk. J Clin Oncol 2022;
5. Li. SGO 2022

# Benefit with PARPi is sustained and prolongs OS in BRCA and HRD

## PRIMA



## SOLO-1

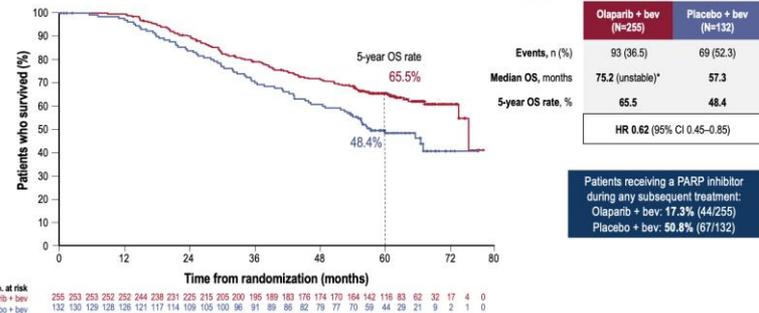


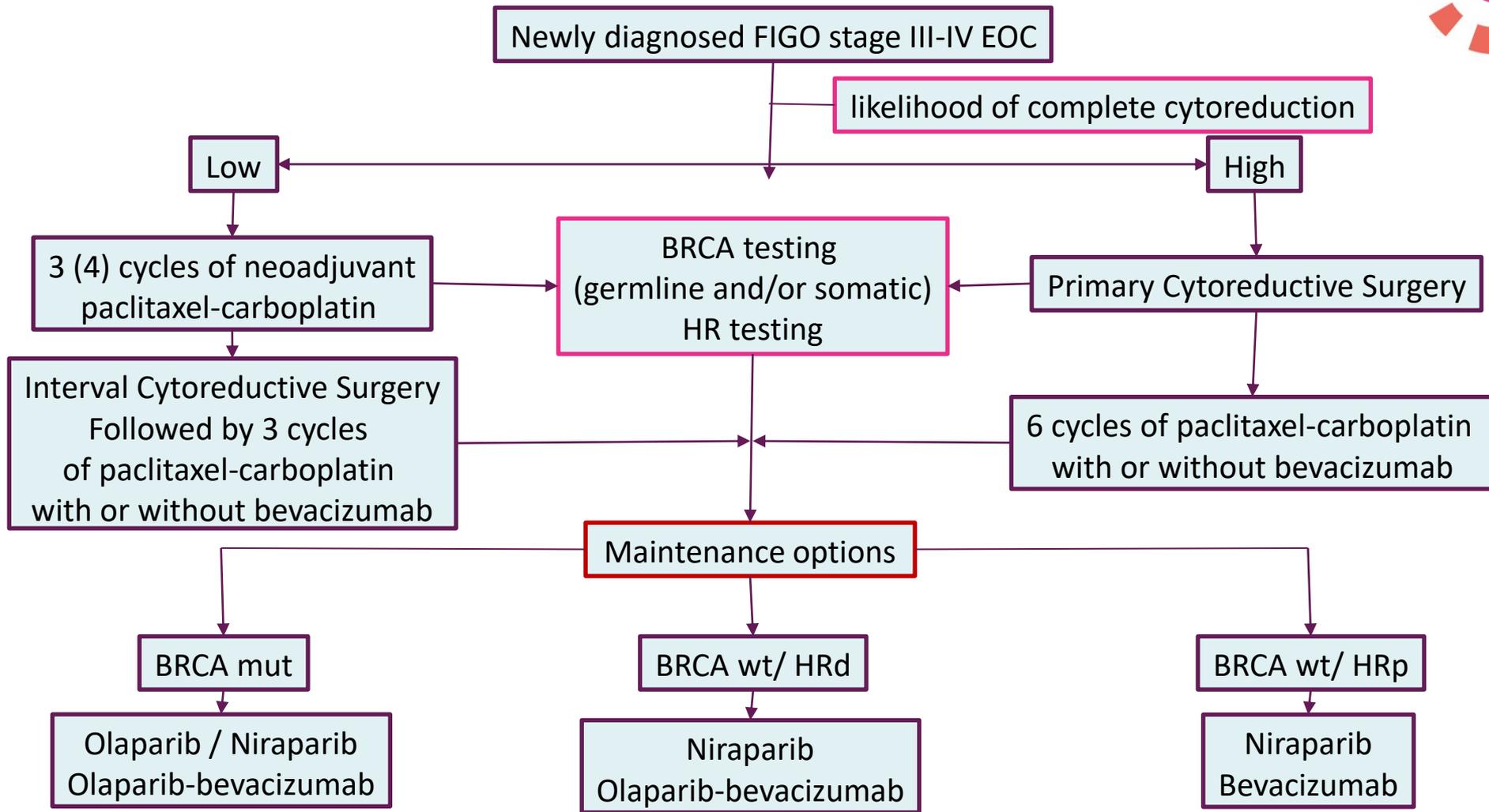
No. at risk:

	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72	78	84	90	96	102
Olaparib	260	252	246	236	227	214	203	194	185	177	170	165	159	157	153	79	21	0
Placebo	131	128	125	114	108	100	97	92	87	80	73	67	60	54	52	21	6	0

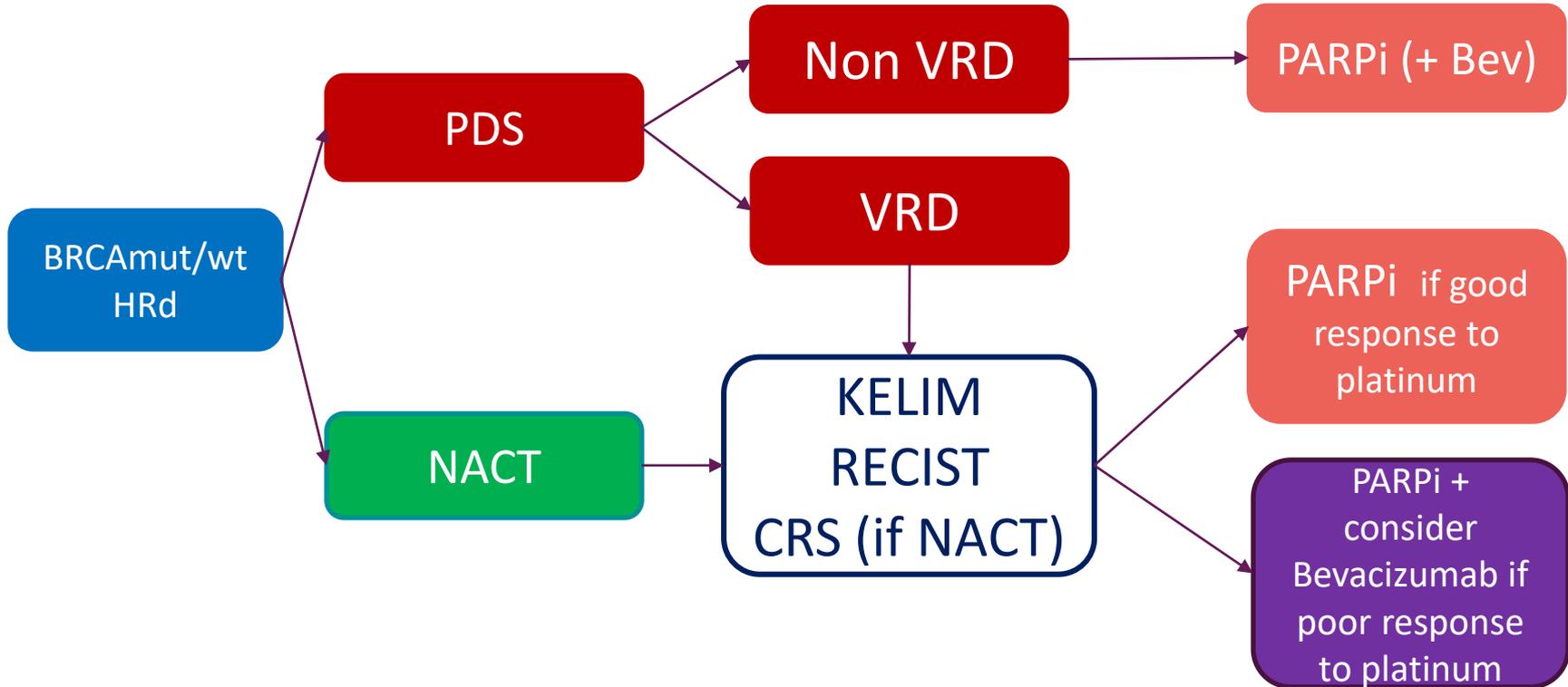
## PAOLA-1

OS was prolonged in the HRD-positive subgroup

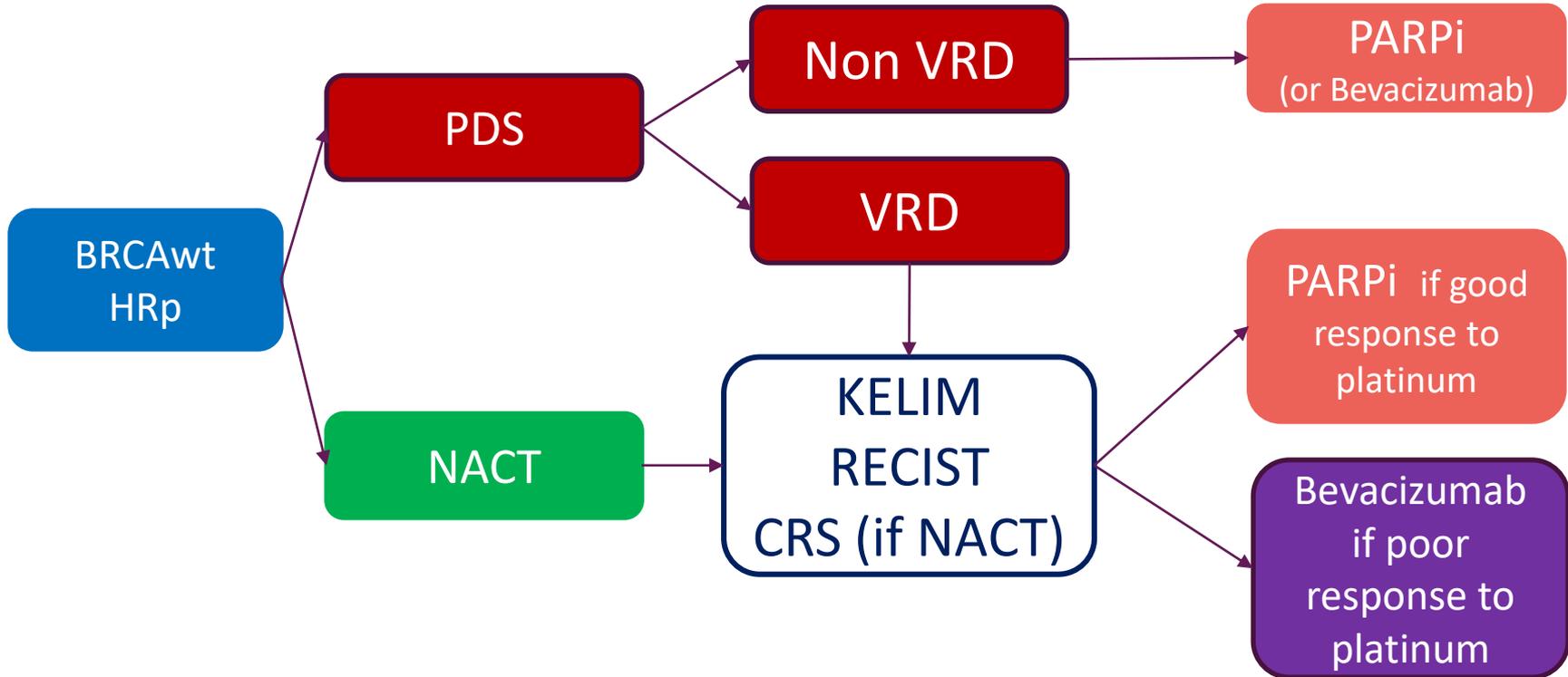




# How to choose maintenance for patients in first-line if HR-deficient ?



# How to choose maintenance for patients in first-line if BRCAwt/HRproficient ?





Muchas Gracias!

